Introduction to Databases

Syllabus

Web Page
http://www.cs.northwestern.edu/~pdinda/db

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Location and Time
1890 Maple Avenue, CS Department classroom, MWF 9-9:50am

Prerequisites
Required CS 311 or equivalent data structures course
Highly recommended CS 213 or equivalent computer systems course
Highly recommended Familiarity with concepts from discrete math
such as set theory
Highly recommended Some familiarity with Perl or other scripting
language

Textbook and other readings
Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer D. Widom, Database Systems:
The Complete Book, Prentice Hall, 2001 (Textbook)
• An in-depth introduction to databases and database implementation
- A great introduction to RDBMS systems from the perspective of a web application developer.

- A collection of wisdom on how working developers get useful things done in SQL.

- Definitive book on transactions, a very important component of any modern database system.

- A detailed introduction to the Perl language. Your web-oriented projects in this class will be based on Perl CGI. You will need to know (or learn) only limited amounts of Perl.

**Objectives, framework, philosophy, and caveats**

This course introduces the underlying concepts behind data modeling and database systems using relational database management systems (RDBMS), the structured query language (SQL), and web applications (Perl DBI in CGI) as examples.

You will learn:

- How to model your data using the entity-relationship model
- How to design a normalized schema in the relational data model
- How to implement your schema using SQL
- How to keep your data consistent and safe with your schema using the ACID properties that a modern RDBMS gives you
- How to query your data using SQL
- How to interface to a modern RDBMS from a modern programming language.
- How such interfaces are used to create web applications
- How an RDBMS provides quick access to your data using indices, and how indices are implemented.
- How an RDBMS manages the storage hierarchy.
- How an RDBMS optimizes and execute your queries using the relational algebra, the theoretical underpinning of database systems.
• The history of database systems, including old ideas, like hierarchical databases, that are seeing a resurgence of interest today in the context of XML and LDAP.

The textbook I have chosen is actually a combination of two books, an introduction to the concepts and use of databases and an introduction to the implementation of RDBMS systems. We will cover mostly the former. However, this is a very useful and essentially timeless book to have on your bookshelf for both elements.

This is a learn-by-doing kind of class. You will get your hands dirty by creating a database-based web application that you will propose, design, and implement yourself. The majority of the programming in this class will be from scratch.

Be warned that this is the first iteration of this course and I am not a database researcher. Also, I may adjust the pacing of the class as we go based on feedback.

**Project**

At the beginning of the course, I will provide you with a simple web application, a tiny web log ("blog"). Microblog is based on an Oracle database and provides a web interface using a CGI application written in Perl that talks to the database via DBI. This is a very common web application model and one that I encourage you to use for the rest of the class. You will spend three weeks learning how Microblog works and extending it in several simple ways. The goal is to immediately introduce you to all the programming elements of the course.

For the remainder of the class, you will work on a self-defined project. You will propose your own problem and spend the remainder of the quarter designing and implementing your solution.

Detailed descriptions of the requirements of both projects are available on the course web site. Please be sure to read them now so that you know what you’re getting yourself into.

**Homework**

There will be three to four homework problems sets that will be periodically assigned to help you improve your understanding of the material.

**Exams**

There will be a midterm exam and a final exam. The final exam will not be cumulative.

**Grading**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Component</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 %</td>
<td>Dry-run project</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 %</td>
<td>Self-defined project</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 %</td>
<td>Midterm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
20 % Final
10 % Homework

Final grades will be computed in the following way. A final score from 0 to 100 will be computed as a weighted sum of each of the projects, the homeworks, and the exams. Scores greater than 90 or greater than 90th percentile will be assigned As, scores greater than 80 or greater than 80th percentile will be assigned Bs, scores greater than 70 or greater than 70th percentile will be assigned Cs, scores greater than 60 or greater than 60th percentile will be assigned Ds, and the remainder will be assigned Fs. Notice that this means that if everyone works hard and gets >90, everyone gets an A. Please choose wisely where you put your time.

Late Policy

For each calendar day after the due date for a homework or a lab, 10% is lost. After 1 day, the maximum score is 90%, after 2 days, 80%, etc, for a maximum of 10 days.

Cheating

Since cheaters are mostly hurting themselves, we do not have the time or energy to hunt them down. We much prefer that you act collegially and help each other to learn the material and to solve development problems than to have you live in fear of our wrath and not talk to each other. Nonetheless, if we detect blatant cheating, we will deal with the cheaters as per Northwestern guidelines.

Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lecture</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topics</th>
<th>Readings</th>
<th>Homework and Project</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1       | 9/24 | Class mechanics
Introductory material,
Web applications,
client/server, and three-tier | GUW Intro; PG preface + 1 | Project A (Microblog) out |
| 2       | 9/26 | More introductory material: why a database is different from a filesystem and what it helps you with. Data modeling, transactions/ACID, queries, abstracting storage+indices, some history lessons (Hierarchical, Network, Relational, Object, Object Relational, Hierarchical again) | GUW 1; PG preface + 1 | |
| 3       | 9/29 | How web applications work, | PG 1-7, Perl | |

*Introduction to Unix Session (9/25, 6-8pm)*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>10/1</td>
<td>SQL in a nutshell, Walk through Microblog (SQL)</td>
<td>PG 1-7, Perl HO, Oracle HO Note: you might find PG 10 useful reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10/3</td>
<td>Perl in a nutshell</td>
<td>PG 1-7, Perl HO, Oracle HO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>10/6</td>
<td>Walk through Microblog (Perl)</td>
<td>PG 1-7, Perl HO, Oracle HO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>10/8</td>
<td>Walk through Microblog (Perl)</td>
<td>PG 1-7, Perl HO, Oracle HO HW 1 (ER Modeling) out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>10/10</td>
<td>Data models and Data modeling: Why? Goals; and start Entity-Relationship: Entity sets, attributes, relationships, ER diagrams, instances, multiplicity, roles, multiway</td>
<td>GUW 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>10/13</td>
<td>Entity-Relationship Model: conversion to binary relationships, subclassing, design principles</td>
<td>GUW 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>Entity-Relationship Model: constraints, weak entity sets</td>
<td>GUW 2 Project A (Microblog) in. Project B (Self-defined) out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>10/17</td>
<td>Relational Data Model: basics, translating from ER to relational</td>
<td>GUW 3 HW 1 in,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>10/20</td>
<td>Relational Data Model: subclasses, functional dependencies</td>
<td>GUW 3 HW 2 out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>10/22</td>
<td>Relational Data Model: Schema design and normal forms</td>
<td>GUW 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>10/24</td>
<td>Relational Data Model: Multivalued dependencies</td>
<td>GUW 3 Project B proposal due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>10/27</td>
<td>Other data models: OO and ODL</td>
<td>GUW 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>10/29</td>
<td>Other data models: Object-relational</td>
<td>GUW 4, 9.4, 9.5 HW 2 due</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Midterm Exam, Thursday, 10/30, 6-8:30pm, CS Classroom Covers Everything Through Lecture 15.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>10/31</td>
<td>Other data models: XML</td>
<td>GUW 4</td>
<td>Project B specification due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>11/3</td>
<td>Relational Algebra: Sets: union, intersection, difference, selection, projection, Cartesian product, joins</td>
<td>GUW 5</td>
<td>HW 3 out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>11/5</td>
<td>Relational Algebra: Bags, equivalent expressions, some extended operators</td>
<td>GUW 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>11/7</td>
<td>Relational Algebra: grouping, constraints, data-mining</td>
<td>GUW 5</td>
<td>Project B ER diagram due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>11/10</td>
<td>SQL: strings, regular expressions, date/time, nulls, 3-valued logic, explain plan, subqueries in/exists/&gt;all/&gt;any, correlation</td>
<td>GUW 6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>11/12</td>
<td>SQL: insert/update/delete, multi-statement transactions using PL/SQL; create schemas: bit-fields, decimal, blob; drop, alter; indexes; views</td>
<td>GUW 6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>11/14</td>
<td>SQL: Constraints, Triggers, systems aspects.</td>
<td>GUW 7, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.6</td>
<td>Project B Relational Schema, DDL, DML, data due, HW 3 due, HW 4 out</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 24   | 11/17| Implementation: Storage  
*Instructor out of Town* | GUW 11       |                                 |
| 25   | 11/19| Implementation: Representing Data  
*Instructor out of Town* | GUW 12       |                                 |
| 26   | 11/21| Implementation: Indexes, Btrees                                      | GUW 13, 14.4 | Project B application logic due |
| 27   | 11/24| Implementation: Indexes, Hashes                                     | GUW 13, 14.4 |                                 |
| 28   | 12/1 | Implementation: Indexes, Bitmaps                                     | GUW 13, 14.4 |                                 |
| 29   | 12/3 | Implementation: Transactions                                        | GUW 18       | HW 4 due                        |
| 30   | 12/5 | Slack day                                                            |              | Project B Web front-end due     |

*Thanksgiving Break*
Final Exam, Wednesday, 12/10, 9am-11am

PG = Phillip Greenspun, SQL for Web Nerds